



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 14.

MR. B. B. SMALLEY, of Vermont, a member of the national democratic committee, says: "The New England States are very strongly in favor of nominating Grover Cleveland as the democratic candidate for President, and from what I hear, I believe the sentiment is the same in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Nebraska, and perhaps Iowa and Kansas." This is the greatest development of rainbow politics that has yet been made. Suppose all that Mr. Smalley says be true, though people better informed, and less interested and less prejudiced, say it is not, what profit would the democratic party receive from it? None of the States named gave a majority for Mr. Cleveland in 1888, when the whole weight of the administration in each of them was thrown in his favor. Has he done anything since then to make himself more popular in any of them? and is there not a large republican majority in every one of them? The democratic candidate should be a man who is the favorite of democratic and close States. But Mr. Smalley held office under the last administration.

IN SEVERAL of Mr. Cleveland's recent speeches he has been pronounced in the advocacy of the adoption of means that will win what he calls the independent vote, what is really the mugwump vote. On this question there is a wide difference between himself and Senator Hill, so wide that General Slicker, in speaking of it, says: "Hill is a party man, and his success will be the triumph of his party. He will give the country a democratic administration. He will be under no obligations to the enemies of the democratic party." Under the last democratic administration southern members of the cabinet advised the applicant for office toward whom they were favorably disposed, to get the endorsement of as many northern republicans as possible.

THE KANSAS republicans have determined to request the national republican committee to advise the republicans in the southern States to unite with the Farmers' Alliance in those States, and thereby offset republican losses in their State by reason of the many republicans who have joined the Alliance there. The principles of the republican party are so opposed to those of the Alliance that the request referred to could hardly be complied with, but even if it should be, it would amount to little or nothing, as no matter what the principles of the Alliance may be, self preservation would prevent any southern member of it from leaving the democratic party in face of the danger of the Force bill.

THERE NEVER was a more mistaken idea than the supposition that the very worst things republicans do are not supported by their party. On the contrary, the fact is that such things would not be done if it were not for the assurance those who do them have that they will be supported therein by their party. The unsophisticated do not believe that President Harrison's promotion of a man from a district to a circuit judgeship, as a reward for preserving "Blocks of Five" Dudley from prison, though he had to reverse his own decision in order to do so, is endorsed by the republican party, but that it is, was demonstrated last week, when the republican convention of Indiana commended the promotion referred to, and hissed down its few opponents.

THE Southern Planter for March has been received from its publishers in Richmond. Among its contents is an article on the late session of the legislature, in which it is stated that though the majority of the body referred to was composed of farmers, it did little or nothing that will redound to the especial benefit of the agricultural portion of the State's population. The farmers have received another lesson, that should, but will not, teach them that they, like all other people, should stick to the trade in which they are skilled, and not be induced by demagogues to abandon the ways with which they are familiar, in order to seek preferment in the new and devious paths of politics and law making.

A SHIP loaded with 4,800 tons of tinplate from Wales is daily expected at Baltimore. The tariff tax on that tinplate has been increased by the McKinley bill 120 per cent, which will be added to the price at which it will be sold. Now, how that increase will help any body in this country, miner, manufacturer, importer or consumer, even Mr. McKinley himself cannot tell. And yet this is only a fair sample of the operation of the McKinley bill. Yes, it is the tariff and the force bill, and not the silver bill, that should be the platform upon which the democrats should make their stand in the coming Presidential contest.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14, 1892.

The Senate judiciary committee met today and by a strict party vote determined to report in favor of the confirmation of Judge Woods of Indiana, Judge McCormick of Texas, and Judge Sanborn of Minnesota to be judges of their respective circuits, though Judge Woods reversed his own decision to save his friend "Blocks of Five" Dudley, though Judge McCormick is a new resident of the South and is said to be inefficient, and though Judge Sanborn now has charges against him of bilking a woman in a real estate deal. The democratic Senators will oppose the confirmation of these

three nominations, but the republican majority of the Senate will confirm them on party grounds.

Senator Morrill of Vermont is ill with pneumonia, and his friends are very much alarmed at his condition. He is eighty-two years of age.

The U. S. Supreme Court to-day decided that a Chinese merchant who goes home on a visit can return to this country. The court also reversed the decision of a lower court that gave a judgment against General Butler for \$15,000; it also decided that the salaries of the postmasters of offices made Presidential should date from the time the offices were raised.

The House judiciary committee will, it is said, report a bill allowing organized trust and fidelity companies to execute all such bonds and recognizances as may be required by U. S. courts.

Congressman Edmunds was at the Navy Department to-day and urged Secretary Tracy to name one of the new cruisers the Roanoke. The Secretary said he was favorably disposed toward that name. Congressmen Wise and Lawson were also there and obtained a promise from the Secretary that the new U. S. ship Raleigh should be completed at the Norfolk navy yard.

As Mr. Douglas, of the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia, was commissioned on the 21st of December, 1889, and as an official term commences from the date of the commission, and as three years is the term of the District commissioners, he will retain his place for ten months longer, unless removed, of which there is now some talk. In this connection it may be stated that the friends of the commissioner and of Mr. Hammett, the health officer, say they are able to refute completely all the charges recently brought against those officers in the U. S. Senate.

Senator Proctor says Mr. Harrison is not a candidate for the Presidency and will not seek the nomination. Republicans from Indiana here to-day say such is not the idea entertained by Mr. Harrison's friends in his own State; and it is well known that Mr. Blaine gives as his reason for writing his letter withdrawing from the contest, the fact that it was done to please Mr. Harrison, who would not have been a candidate had Mr. Blaine continued in the field.

Mr. Butler, president of the North Carolina Farmers' Alliance, Mr. Skinner, orator of the same Alliance, and Mr. Sanderlin, auditor of the State of North Carolina and a leading member of the Alliance, were here to-day in conference with Mr. Polk, president of the National Alliance, on the subject of organizing a third party in their State. Their friends here say they are opposed to any such movement, though Mr. Polk is now one of its most active supporters.

C. T. Swink was to-day appointed postmaster at Mint Spring, Augusta county, Va., vice C. L. Swink, resigned.

Among the strangers in the city to-day is Mr. Lloyd T. Smith, of the Northern Neck of Virginia, who is counsel for James Thomas of Northumberland county, Virginia, who will be tried in the U. S. District Court at Alexandria to-morrow for distilling more fruit brandy than he bought stamps for.

A friend of Congressman Compton, of the Prince George's, Maryland, district, at the Capitol to-day, says one of the reasons why Mr. Compton has declined to be a candidate for re-election is the fact that he believes his personal friend, Senator Gorman, will be the next President, in which event he, Compton, would be run to death by office seekers. The book makers, but not the far men, resumed operations at Monte Carlo to-day, upon the advice of their lawyers.

In the House to-day Mr. Meredith introduced a bill to regulate the sale of liquor in the District of Columbia.

Senator Daniel did not accompany Senator Hill on his trip to Jackson, Miss., though reported to have done so in some of the morning papers. He was in his seat in the Senate to-day as usual.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

A movement is on foot among the machinists' unions of the country for shorter hours of labor and increased wages.

The Midland Hotel Company, of Kansas City, Mo., in sinking an artesian well on its property struck natural gas at a depth of 200 feet.

The typhoid fever epidemic is making terrible ravages among the people of Villa Laredo, Mex., there having been 230 deaths within the past ten days.

The Denver & Rio Grande Railway and its employees have reached an understanding in regard to wages to be paid to the latter, thus settling any trouble that may have existed between them.

This morning the gigantic fly wheel at the Cincinnati Electric Light Works burst and smashed a \$10,000 steam engine, destroyed the office, crushed several dynamos and knocked out one side of the building.

At Atlantic, Iowa, yesterday, Lindsey A. Bennett shot his wife three times, killing her instantly. Bennett then shot himself in the head, one shot entering his brain. The cause of the tragedy is said to have been jealousy.

The democratic members of the Iowa House and Senate have agreed upon a caucus bill for Congressional reapportionment of the State. The bill divides the State into 11 districts, 6 of which in 1890 gave a democratic, and 5 a republican majority.

S. Camille, an Italian fisherman, during a quarrel with a fellow fisherman named Ciccello, at their place on Roe Island, in Sacramento, Cal., shot and killed him and then tossed the body down to the corner, who paid him \$5 for the body and took his deposition in regard to finding it.

About ten o'clock this morning the South Carolina Military Academy in Charleston caught fire from a defective fire in the officers' quarters. The fire spread with great rapidity and the roof and rooms of the main building were badly burned. The fire at 12 o'clock was under control.

The Spanish steamer Navarro, from Boston Feb. 17, for London or—board of which on the first night out fourteen seamen went to bed in the fore-cabin having lighted a fire in a stove and of which number the next morning seven were discovered to have been suffocated—has arrived at Gravesend. The seven men whose lives were buried at sea.

The steamship Missouri, which was to have sailed Saturday last for Russia with the cargo of breadstuffs contributed by western millers and farmers for the relief of Russian famine sufferers, still lies at her pier at New York. The delay has been caused by the storm which blocked the roads over which a portion of the relief cargo was being sent to that city.

The Northeastern Railway Company of England, has stopped many of its trains because of the lack of fuel owing to the miners' strike, and a large number of men in the engine works at Crewe have been temporarily dismissed for the same reason.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Senator Teller says the free coinage bill will pass the Senate by from 6 to 18 majority.

It is reported that when the Bland free coinage bill comes to a vote in the Senate, Senator Hill, of New York, will vote for it.

It is reported that the Franklin sugar refinery of Philadelphia has been absorbed by the Trust.

In the Iowa Senate on Saturday the bill to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 42 to 41.

The new silver half-dollars and quarters have been counterfeited and light-weight, two-dollar gold pieces that have been "sweated" are being received in New York from California.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, is critically ill of pneumonia in Washington. He is 82 years old, and has recently been in feeble health. He has been in the Senate since 1866.

Tom A. Gaffney, in jail in Fort Dodge, Iowa, for murdering El Buggy, tried to commit suicide yesterday by battering his head against the iron bars of the cage. Doctors say he will die.

The House committee on foreign affairs has nearly completed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, which cuts down the pay and number of United States foreign representatives.

Senator Hill left Washington on his southern tour at eleven o'clock last night over the Baltimore and Ohio and the Norfolk and Western Railroads, and will be absent from Washington about a week.

The works of the Colville & Collins Norway Bolt Company, in Pittsburg, were burned to the ground at an early hour Saturday morning. The loss on buildings, machinery and stock is at least \$100,000.

Weylon A. Swartz, a farmer of Westminster, Ont., who had met with heavy financial losses, yesterday became despondent, saturated his clothes with coal oil and set fire to himself, meeting with a horrible death.

A large number of members of the Texas Legislature, which convened at Austin to-day, declare their intention to vote for Representative Mills for United States Senator. The probabilities last night were that Mills will be elected.

George W. Knox, a prominent citizen of Washington, well known as the founder of one of the largest private express companies in the United States, died in that city yesterday evening in the sixty-third year of his age.

The Duke of Cumberland, in a letter to Emperor William, declares his adherence to the Fatherland, and requests the Emperor to give his consideration to the execution of the treaty dealing with the property of the late King George of Hanover.

The Rt. Rev. Gregory Thurston Bedall, President Episcopal Bishop of Ohio, died Friday night in New York, aged 75 years. His theological studies were pursued at the Episcopal Theological Seminary, near this city, and in 1840 he was ordained deacon. After 15 years' work he became Assistant Bishop of Ohio. In 1873 Bishop McViney died and Dr. Bedall succeeded him.

President Harrison's proclamation to the effect that Nicaragua had agreed to a reciprocity treaty under the provisions of the McKinley act made public to-day. It follows closely the treaties made with the other South American republics, and admits free of duty nearly all agricultural and many manufactured products. The treaty goes into effect on April 15.

The Grand Duke of Hesse died yesterday. The official Darmstadt Gazette announces the accession of the deceased's son, Ernest Ludwig, to the grand dukedom. Ludwig IV., the reigning Grand Duke of Hesse, king of 3,000,000 square miles and about a million people, was born September 12, 1857. In 1882 he married Princess Alice, second daughter of Queen Victoria.

At Laredo, Tex., a Mexican has reported finding, Monday last, the dead body of a man hanging from a tree on El Paso ranch. Near the body were several empty Winchester shells. Another Mexican reported finding another body not far from the one mentioned in much the same condition. It is thought the men were killed by Garza sympathizers for aiding U. S. troops in the recent campaign.

MARRIED UNDER AGE.—A sensation was created at Newark, N. J., yesterday on the discovery of a secret marriage of two minors. The groom was Joseph Carey and the bride was Annie Frohn, aged sixteen years. The bride is an orphan, her father having died six weeks ago, leaving her by his will a fortune of \$10,000. The groom is the son of a poor widow. The pair went to a colored justice of the peace, who performed the ceremony on February 29, the boy representing himself as nineteen years of age and the girl seventeen. They then returned to their respective homes. Father Cody, pastor of St. James's Church, declares that the marriage is illegal and has appointed Owen Kane the girl's guardian. Mr. Kane will send her to a boarding school and shortly will bring proceedings for the annulment of the marriage. The boy's mother will insist on the validity of the marriage.

VIRGINIA BONDS.—Public notices is given by the Virginia bondholders' committee, of which F. P. O'cott is chairman and George S. Ellis secretary, that they have effected a settlement of the debt of the State of Virginia under the bondholders' agreement of May 19, 1890, and the plan of November 28, 1890. The Central Trust Company of New York, Brown, Shipley & Co., of London, the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, and the Planters' National Bank of Richmond, Va., are depositories for the obligations of the State of Virginia for a limited period, without penalty. Penalties which have been collected will be returned upon application.

While the Committee on Streets are going around will they please look at the corner of Princess and Columbus streets, in front and on the side of the colored chapel there, and see that there is a brick pavement put down at it is terrible on a rainy day. The water settles there in a great puddle and a person has to walk on the curb or through the water in passing.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.—But forty democrats attended the House caucus called for Saturday night, over which Chairman Holman presided. A resolution was adopted for the appointment of a Congressional campaign committee, consisting of one democratic member from each State, to be selected by the State delegations. There was no division in the caucus and an adjournment was reached early in the evening.

Every certificate we publish regarding Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is genuine, and we will pay a reward of \$100 to anyone proving the contrary in a single case.—A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.

A prudent man never spends his last quarter, except for Salvation Oil to cure his pain.

Rumored Railroad Deals.

It is said in Atlanta that a deal has been perfected by which the Terminal property passes under control of the Baltimore and Ohio. John H. Luman is said to have engineered the matter, and Mr. Oskman, formerly vice-president of the Richmond and Danville, has been agreed upon to succeed Luman as president. This is said to mean the wrenching from the hand of Colonel Brice, General Thomas and associates the control of the Richmond and West Point Terminal, the Richmond and Danville system, with its leased lines, and the East Tennessee system. The Baltimore and Ohio have long had a covetous eye on the great Southern system, and has been long buying Terminal stock, the Terminal controlling these railroad systems. The last railroad purchase was made Saturday, that being the block held by the Luman party, and the purchase places in the hands of the Baltimore and Ohio, the Richmond and Danville system, the Georgia Pacific system, the East Tennessee and Georgia system, which was leased to the Georgia Pacific, and which is just now cutting such a figure in the courts, is to be dropped and left to itself. The Jersey Central and the Reading are included in this deal, made by the Baltimore and Ohio, making a mammoth consolidation. It seems while the Price and Thomas people have been fighting the Luman and Oskman people, this other and new element has been quietly at work making the purchases that have put it into control.

A Philadelphia afternoon paper on Saturday said: "It was reported that negotiations looking to the leasing of the Norfolk and Western Railroad by the Reading and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad companies are in progress and that they will probably be concluded within a few days. The report attracted considerable attention although it found very few believers." If these reports are correct the Baltimore and Ohio and the Reading have secured a through route between Boston and Birmingham, Alabama with connections into the coal and iron regions of Alabama and Tennessee, and also into city of New Orleans. The Norfolk and Western Railroad is regarded in railroad circles as the most valuable railroad system in the South. With the Potomac and Southern and Lynchburg and Durham railroads, which it secured last ten days ago, it has over 1,800 miles of track. It extends from Norfolk, westerly, to Cincinnati, with connections to Chicago and St. Louis, and westerly to New Orleans, via many large cities. Northerly, it reaches Hagerstown, Md.

A Philadelphia afternoon paper on Saturday said: "It was reported that negotiations looking to the leasing of the Norfolk and Western Railroad by the Reading and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad companies are in progress and that they will probably be concluded within a few days. The report attracted considerable attention although it found very few believers." If these reports are correct the Baltimore and Ohio and the Reading have secured a through route between Boston and Birmingham, Alabama with connections into the coal and iron regions of Alabama and Tennessee, and also into city of New Orleans. The Norfolk and Western Railroad is regarded in railroad circles as the most valuable railroad system in the South. With the Potomac and Southern and Lynchburg and Durham railroads, which it secured last ten days ago, it has over 1,800 miles of track. It extends from Norfolk, westerly, to Cincinnati, with connections to Chicago and St. Louis, and westerly to New Orleans, via many large cities. Northerly, it reaches Hagerstown, Md.

The Stanton Furniture Company has failed. A. Gunt & Son, dealers in paints, oils, etc., of Richmond, made an assignment on Saturday. Liabilities \$14,000; assets unknown.

Rev. John K. Mason, assistant rector, will succeed the late Rev. Dr. Joshua Peterkin as rector of St. James's Episcopal Church, Richmond.

Edward O. Heterick, aged 38 years, clerk of the county and circuit courts of Rappahannock county, died on Friday morning. He was the eldest son of Col. R. M. Heterick, a prominent man of that place.

Mrs. Thomas H. B. Burke, who died in Staunton at Thursday evening last, has not yet been interred. The body is still warm and limp, but the doctors fail to find any pulse or respiration. It is a curious case.

The Commonwealth's attorney of Loudoun having announced that under the opinion of the Attorney-General no distiller could sell and deliver liquor in any quantity in the districts that had voted "no license," under the special Loudoun local option law the distillers of Jefferson district have already begun circulating petitions, and will endeavor to have another vote on the question in that district.

A letter from Petersburg to the Norfolk Ledger says: "The idea of Gen. Mahone and John M. Langston going together as delegates to the national republican convention, strikes many people as somewhat strange in view of the former hostile relations existing between these two leading republicans of the two races. It verifies the truth of the old axiom that 'politics makes strange bed-fellows.' It is said that their election as delegates has been formally decided upon, and it is pretty certain that they will head at least one of the Virginia delegations to Minneapolis. Langston is very seldom seen and very little heard of hereabouts. Petersburg has been his nominal place of residence for several years, but he has no domicile here. He is by no means the idol his race once made him."

DROWNED.—Owing to recent rains the water courses in Prince William county have been overflowing their banks for the past few days. On Wednesday Chub Bridwell, aged about 22 years, and who resided near Horton's store, was drowned in Cedar run at a private ford below the Rocky ford. It is said that the young man was returning home from Kiewit's distillery and had with him at the time he was drowned a jug of whiskey. The young man had succeeded in crossing the run, but while his horse was in the act of climbing a steep bank on the edge of the stream Bridwell fell off and the horse reared the run, and the young man, being an expert swimmer, attempted, without diving his head, to swim the run to the other side of the bank, but about midway the stream he sank and did not again come to the surface. The ford at which Bridwell attempted to cross is known to but few, but was a favorite crossing during the war for the Confederate soldiers.

COLORED METHODISTS.—At Saturday's session of the Washington Conference of the M. E. Church, colored, at Lynchburg, the following were elected deacons: Elmore Dage, Thomas H. Cooper, Moses Lake, William S. Brooke, Leander A. Carter, Aquilla A. Brooks. Frank Trigg was elected local elder. It was decided to hold the next conference at Staunton, Va.

A notice having been received from the lay conference stating the completion of its business, the conference ordered that it be received at 4 o'clock p. m.

In accordance with the order, the lay conference proceeded to the main audience room, headed by the officers, A. Johnson, president of the conference, and Secretary Norman E. Pinn of Essex, Va.

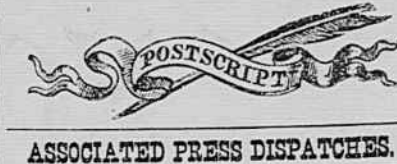
The work of the conference was presented by the secretary. Resolutions were adopted respecting intemperance, against the admission of women delegates, and the support of educational interests of the church.

In the vote on the admission of women, the lay members voted against, and the ministers for their admission.

REJOICING AT FORT MYER.—There is rejoicing among the troops at Fort Myer, Va. They have escaped association with Indian soldiers. Secretary Elihu says that colored and Indian soldiers may not thrive well together, and he has accordingly decided not to carry out the plan of ordering one of the new Indian troops to the national capital as contemplated by his predecessor.

Troop F, Seventh Cavalry, commanded by Captain Ball, will be rewarded for its services in the last Sioux campaign by assignment to the new set of quarters at Fort Myer. The order will be issued to-day.—Balt. Sun

The canary of Wm. E. Robinson, at Fallsburg, not far from Baltimore, was burned yesterday.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 14.

SENATE

Among the papers presented and referred was a protest by the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church against the enactment of further oppressive legislation against the Chinese people as tending to cripple missionary work in China through retaliatory measures. There were also hundreds of petitions presented from granges praying for legislation against gambling in "futures" and on various other subjects.

House bill to amend the act to provide for the performance of the duties of the President in case of the removal, death, resignation or inability both of President and Vice President by inserting the words Secretary of Agriculture after the Secretary of the Interior, was favorably reported.

A resolution authorizing the librarian of Congress to exhibit at the Chicago fair such books, papers, documents and other articles from the library of Congress as may relate to Columbus and the discovery of America, was reported and passed.

A resolution authorizing the President to extend to the King and Queen regent of Spain, and all the living descendants of Columbus, an invitation to attend the fair as the guests of the government; and to make suitable arrangements for their reception, was reported favorably, but was objected to by Mr. Cockrell until he had some information as to the number of the living descendants of Columbus. They might embrace half the population of Spain. (Laughter.)

A joint resolution authorizing the President to request the government of Spain, the municipal government of Genoa, the Duke of Veragua (a descendant of Columbus) and other persons and corporations for the loan of any articles, papers, book maps, documents and other relics of Christopher Columbus and of those associated with him, for exhibition at the fair was also reported favorably.

Several more resolutions relating to the fair were also reported favorably but were objected to by Mr. Cockrell.

A conference was ordered on the urgent deficiency bills.

The Senate at 2 p. m., on motion of Mr. Hoar, proceeded to executive business.

When the doors were reopened the Senate resumed the consideration of the post office building bill.

HOUSE.

On motion of Mr. Richardson, of Tenn., a Senate concurrent resolution was agreed to authorizing the joint committee on printing to ascertain the most suitable site for a new government printing office in Washington.

The floor was then accorded to the committee on the District of Columbia.

The following bills were passed: To punish falsifiers swearing before trial board of the metropolitan police and fire boards; to extend the time for making assessments of real estate in the District of Columbia; to extend the franchise of the Anacostia and Potomac River Railroad Company; to incorporate the Suburban R. R. Co.; for the relief of holders of certain drawback certificates; to prevent fraudulent practices on the part of commission merchants or other consignees of goods; Senate bill to punish the unlawful appropriation or use of the property of another in the District of Columbia.

Foreign News.

LONDON, March 14.—In North Wales the heavy rains have caused the snow to melt and the mountain passes are blocked by the torrents of water which are pouring down them. Many head of live stock have been caught in the flood and drowned.

Fifteen thousand miners are idle in North Staffordshire. Unless they resume work in a few days the potatoes will be compelled to close down, throwing 50,000 men out of work.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 14.—Great excitement has been caused by what the police claim is the discovery of a plot to assassinate the Sultan, Abdul Hamid II. Yesterday two men who are believed to have been selected by the conspirators to carry out the designs were arrested. A search of their clothing revealed the fact that each of them was armed with a revolver and dagger. No further details of the conspiracy have yet been learned but summary measures will be taken to compel the prisoners to confess all they know of the affair.

PARIS, March 14.—Two high officials have been arrested on the charge of committing frauds that endanger the national defense.

LONDON, March 14.—The French bark Achille has been sunk in collision with an unknown steamer in the English channel. Fifty of the bark's crew were drowned.

RANGOON, March 14.—The celebrated Dacoit chief who styles himself the Molang Prince, the leader of the revolt against the British near Arraka, who, with his father and two of his followers were recently captured by the military police near Kudong, has been condemned to death for leading the revolt of the prisoners in the Akyab jail, where he is confined, in which the warder of the prison was killed. Five others who took part in the revolt have also been condemned to death. The father of the Dacoit chief has been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

PAÑAMA, March 14.—A Hermann, the German charge d'affaires at Quito, the capital of Ecuador, has been assaulted by a mob. The trouble was the outgrowth of the political situation.

SENATOR HILL.

ROANOKE, Va., March 14.—The train bearing Senator Hill and party en route to the South was at twenty-five miles distant from Roanoke by a delegation of prominent men from the city who boarded the train early this morning to greet the Senator and invite him to address the citizens.

during the ten minutes stop at the station. When Roanoke was reached several thousand people were found assembled and the Roanoke Machine Works' band played airs of welcome. Senator Hill's ten minute speech was devoted largely to the presentation of democratic principles and a review of the good work of the democratic party in the State of New York. He was warmly cheered at frequent intervals.

He said: I assume that the majority of this audience are friendly to the principles and the policy of the great party of which I am proud to belong. It is the party that was founded by one of your most eminent citizens, the great Thomas Jefferson himself. It is the party that has furnished to the country its great principles under which this land has prospered. It is the party of the plain people. It is the party that believes in home rule for States and municipalities.

We believe in honest and economical administration of public affairs. We believe that no more money should be raised for the support of the government than is necessary for its economical administration economically administered. We believe that the place for surplus tax is in the pockets of the people and not in the federal treasury. We believe in the right of each State to regulate its own domestic affairs in its own way. We make no war upon any of the industries of the land. Our platform states our position, and I simply say to you that the industries of the country, yours here and elsewhere, will be as they have always been, safe in the hands of the great party that has always built up the State of Virginia.

Those Railroad Deals.

BALTIMORE, March 14.—In regard to the story from Atlanta that the Baltimore & Ohio has got control of the Richmond Terminal, the best information on hand here is that "there's nothing in it." Saturday, it was claimed, it was the Norfolk and Western that the B. & O. was offered. Sunday, it was the Richmond and West Point Terminal. It is said here that it would be as rational to talk of the Baltimore & Ohio striving for Texas Pacific. What could be done with it—with out the physical connection?

NEW YORK, March 14.—Vice-President Oskman, of the Central R. R. of New Jersey, is himself authority for saying that he has been offered the presidency of the Richmond & West Point Terminal Company. He said to-day that he had not yet accepted the presidency, but it is thought likely he will do so as the changes recently made in the Richmond Terminal are in accordance with his views.

The Fowls May Now Roost Low.

COLUMBUS S. C., March 14.—Colored people living in the outskirts of the city have been greatly excited of late over the sudden and inexplicable death of several of their neighbors. It is now alleged that an old colored woman living in that quarter nearly every morning missed a chicken or two from her hen house. Finally some poison was purchased and fed to a few old hens which would fatten to a most desirable point but prove certain death to any one who ate them. One negro in the neighborhood soon sickened and died. Shortly two or three others followed. Chicken stealing in that neighborhood has ceased.

A Colored Girl Lynched.

RAYVILLE, La., March 14.—The lifeless form of a colored girl was found dangling from a tree on the road leading to this place Saturday morning. It was identified as that of a 15 year old servant of W. R. Helmer. The girl became offended at the action of a colored man, also employed in the house, and decided to put poison into the coffee. About nine persons drank of it and all were made very sick. The girl acknowledged that she intended to kill the man and she did not care particularly who else suffered. On Friday night a masked party overtook the girl on the road and strung her up to a tree at the first crossing. All the parties poisoned will recover.

A Jack Rabbit Round-up.

FRESNO, Cal., March 14.—Five hundred G. A. R. men attending a State encampment here indulged in a jack rabbit round-up yesterday. When within five miles of the corral the two wings formed a circle. Twenty-five thousand is the number bagged, and of these 3,000 were simply trampled to death as the final rush was made. The slaughter of the animals was sickening, the clubs splattering blood and brains over everybody for an hour.

Dispatches from points all over Kansas, report that a severe blizzard is raging. The weather throughout the State was warm on Saturday. Yesterday a change took place and at night a heavy snow storm set in, and wherever it drifts, it forms banks as high as sand. Trains are delayed on account of the storm. At Newton the blizzard is reported to be the worst of the season.

DIED.

On March 13th, 189